tains and officers of thips, belonging to | honest John Bull takes care of the main the port of Philadelphia, at the White | chance, to cut off the hard dollars! Horse Tavern, to take into consideration certain public measures-there was an unusually numerous meeting.

Capt. RICHARD O'BRIEN was called to the chair.

After some spirited and able observations from captain Wm. Jones, on hearty fellows, that can carry a cheft, the general concerns of the nation at an opportunity for making their forthis great crisis; and some reference | tunes in a few months. to the particular object for which the be published in all the papers.

Resolved, That it is not expedient life to their king. for this meeting to adopt any political measures in relation to the ensuing diffined from our fellow citizens-but to reserve to himself the free exercise girl into matrimony. of his political rights, according to the dictates of his own judgment and con- paid immediately.

Resolved, That the depredations and outrages committed upon the persons and property of the citizens of the United States, peaceably and lawfully navigating the high seas, and the arbitrary proscription, and absolute interdiction of our lawful commerce, imperatively demanded of the government of the United States, the adoption of such measures as in their wisdom appeared best calculated to preserve and protect the property and persons of our citizens, and to secure to the nation the means of defence.

Resolved, That the only alternative was an immediate embargo, or war in an unprepared state, with 70,000 of our citizens, & nine tenths of the commercial capital of the nation, exposed to the depredations of the enemy-that the laws laying an embargo, (although a choice of evils) have had the happy effect in preserving the peace of the country-collecting the commercial capital of the nation-saving from bankruptcy our insurance. companies-and thousands of individuals from absolute

That the privations experienced from the embargo, although manifelly great, and demanding a high degree of patilight with that which would have been rable opposition. produced by a war, or the evils which have been averted by the embargo,

Resolved, That the causes which gave rise to the embargo, appear fill to exilt in full force, and are evinced by | find an account of two cases of convulthe condemnation of vessels and propercy under obnoxious orders and decrees of both the belligerents, and the capture of our vessels even in ballaft, sailing by special permission of our

Resolved, That the changes and events, which alone could authorise the president of the United States to suspend the embargo laws, have not yet taken place, and that it is the duty of citizens, faithful to the constitution and laws, to wait with patience and just confidence, the deliberation and decision of the national councils, who have a common interest and having full information, will be enabled to determine whether the disposition of the belligerent powers are such as to ensure safety to our trade, or whether a temporary embargo is more intolerable than to appeal to arms.

RICHARD O'BRIEN, Chairman, SAMUEL S. VEACOCK, Sec'ry.

will see at a glance that the revolution The second case was relieved in the

" NO JOKE.

" The road to fortune. "The Thistle, three mailed swift sailing schooner of 12 guns, commanded by lieut. Procter, now fitting out Capt. SAMUEL VEACOEK, Secre- at Bermuda, for a cruise after the thips from Vera Cruz, bound to Spain, loaded with hard dollars, offers to any

"Lieut. P. will meet such as are meeting was called-the following re- disposed to volunteer, at Thomas solutions were carried unanimously, Donaldson's at the usual grog time with the exception of a single no to the every day at noon-where they shall in last resolution-and it was resolved to flowing bumpers of cherry brandy, drink success to the Thistle, and long

" N. B. A young active thip wright as carpenter of the schooner, will meet election in our professional capacity, with every encouragement, and will be certain of making his fortune, in that it is the duty of each individual much less time than he could coax a

" N. B. The usual bounty will be " Halifux, July 14, 1808."

MON. SIR ARTHUR WELLESLEY, K. B.

accounts, is commander of the British him may not be unacceptable. He was born May 1, 1769, is the third surviving son of Garret, late earl of Mornington, and brother to the marquis of Wellesley. When the latter nobleman was governor general of India, Sir Arthur was entrusted with the command of a separate army in the Dekan, and received the unanimous

person who introduced the Irish insur- notice. ence and patriotism, are comparatively | rection bill, which occasioned conside-

CONVULSIONS.

work, the Medical Repository, we

the stomach. This distressing disease,

so alarming in its appearance, and of-

tentimes so fatal in its effects, demands

from the friends of humanity and the

tempting to tighten it, his hand was

pressed with some force into the pit of

In the last number of that valuable

sions relieved by violent pressure over

professors of the healing art, every aid which their exertions and their talents can bestow for its relief. When the means of certain relief can be underflood and applied by any bye stander, the knowledge of it becomes extremely valuable and important to the community-We therefore feel it our duty to give an abstract of the two following cases. (Carolina Messenger.) Doctor _____, of _____, was called to two patients in convulsions. To the first he gave the usual remedies without effect, but recollecting that hystericks had been relieved by a bandage tied tightly found the body, he proceeded to apply it, and while at-

the flomach. A change in the counte-FROM THE AURORA. nance of the patient was immediately From Nova Scotia we have received | perceived, and on the augmentation of the following article, printed on a large | the pressure his countenance brightenbroadside, with an amazing confusion | ed into cheerfulness. He smiled and of hieroglyphics, called a king's arms, | begged the pressure to be increased. consisting of black and red lions, and | When the pressure was removed the white unicorns and horses, ramping, convulsions returned. This experirunning, and looking backward, fleurs | ment was repeated several times to es- head, long mane and tail. The above Timothy Cunningham, thould he come de luce quite faded, & harps clotted with tablish the certainty of the relief affordgore; ornamented beneath with a ed by the pressure. The patient ultimonstrous growth or plant consisting | mately went to sleep with the whole of a rose, 'a thistle, and a trefoil, weight of the Doctor's body resting on ther. sprouting from one stem, and manured | his knee, in the pit of the patients stowith blood and corruption-and the mach. The pressure was withdrawn original appears to have been a recruit- and the patient continued free from ing bill tluck up at Halifax; the reader | spasm.

in Spain is no joke, for while the same way, but the pressure made by | To the Citizens of Jeffer-Spanish patriots in Spain are encourag- the knuckles in the pit of the stomach ed and provided with a million pounds | was found sufficient. She had been in In consequence of a public adver- of gun powder, and 100,000 Rands of convulsions, for an hour, and in five tisement, calling a meeting of the cap- arms, to cut each other's throats, minutes was relieved by the pressure.

20 Dollars Reward.

D AN AWAY from the subscriber and Vice-President of the living in Jefferson county, Virginia, near Harper's Ferry, on the ninth United States, will take instant, a Negro Man named Robin, place on the 7th of Noabout 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, 26 years of age, of a black complexion, vember, being the first rather slender made, has a lively pleasant countenance when in a good humour, and sometimes talks a little like an African, but can talk plain enough if he chuses, has long wool which he ge- | PATRONS OF THE MONITOR. nerally keeps comed in a roll on the top of his head, and sometimes tied. Had on when he went away, a home made tow linen shirt, and a pair of dark colour- ances. His works and not his professied home made trowsers of cotton and one conflitute the standard by which he waift coat, all much worn; without either hat or shoes. I purchased said few concise observations to his patrons negro last winter of the estate of Mr. with respect to his paper. Peter Whiting, deceased, and it is supposed he will be sculking about the and with the fostering aid of republicans widow Whiting's, or Beverly Whiting's | will flourish. Its friends need no lonas he has a number of connexions there | ger fear for its continuance, nor its eneand in that neighborhood—he has also mies utter their false prophecies of its lived some years in Loudon county, in downfall. The City of Wathington has the neighborhood of the late Gen. Ma- become the editor's permanent abode,

forces destined to assist the Spaniards that I get him again, shall receive Ten editor hopes and believes will never take & the Portugueze against the French : Dollars reward, if under forty miles place. and, therefore, some description of from home, if forty miles or upwards, the above reward, paid by me

JAMES S. FERGUSON. September 10, 1808.

Fulling and Dyeing.

Benjamin Beeler's Fulling Mill, three management of his press. thanks of both houses of the English | miles from Charlestown, Jefferson | The editor can assure his subscribers parliament (May 3, 1804,) for his | county, where he intends to carry on the | that the Monitor shall be ENLARGD to a services on that occasion. He was above business in all its various branch- size as great as that of the National Insoon after declared an extra knight of es. For the convenience of those living telligencer, if not larger, by the meeting the bath, and became colonel of the at a distance, cloth will be received at of congress in November next; and that 33d regiment of infantry. Sir Arthur | Messrs. Taylor's & Crupper's ftore in | the proceedings of that body, together has obtained the rank of major general Battletown, which will be attended to with all public youchers and documents in the British army. On a late change | every second & fourth Saturday in the | will be most faithfully and at an early of ministry in England he was appoint- month, and returned when dreft, Cash day laid before the nation. In this pared secretary of flate in Ireland, & in the | must be paid when the cloth is taken a- ticular the editor has no doubt of giving mean time repaired to Copenhagen, way. All those who may please to favor the most complete satisfaction to men of where he distinguished himself greatly, him with their custom, may depend up- all parties. or rather infamously. He is a member on having their cloth done in the best | Washington City, Sept. 20, 1808. of parliament for Newport, and is the and neatest muner, and on the shortest

ANDREW ROARK. September 9, 1808.

Ten Dollars Reward. R AN AWAY on Tuesday the 16th inftant, from the subscriber, living on the road from Charlestown to Winchefter, near Opeckon creek, in Frederick county, (Vir.) a negro man named SIMON, of a vellow complexion, 20 years of age, and about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high; has a scar on the top of his head, and a down look when spoken to. Had on when he went away a pair of Corduroy overalls, an old waift coat and a wool hat; but as he is an artful thieving fellow, he will probably get other rents, who writes a good clothing. He has been seen with some of Mr. Francis Whiting's negroes, and

Mr. Beverly Whiting's quarter in Jefferson county. The above reward will be given for apprehending and securing him in jail, and reasonable charges it brought home. CASPAR SEEVERS.

Frederick county, Va. Aug. 26, 1808. Five Dollars Reward. CTRAYED from the farm of the subscriber, living about two miles from Charlestown, sometime in April last, A BLACK MARE, rising four years | aged twenty-one years, five feet six " reward and reasonable charges will be given, if the said creatures be brought reward will be given. It is hoped the home, or two dollars and a half for ei- patriotism will prompt all printers to

MICHAEL KELLENBERGER. August 12, 1808.

BLANK DEEDS

For sale at this Office.

son County.

YOU are respectfully informed, that the Election of Electors of President

TO THE

The editor of the MONITOR is an enemy to long addresses, filled up with egotisms and promises of future performwool, twilled, and a striped swandown desires to be judged. He deems it necessary, however, at this time to offer a

THE MONITOR IS NOW ESTABLISHED; son, where he may endeavor to go. which nothing thall be able to change This personage, it appears by all Whoever takes up said negro and brings but a removal of the seat of the general him home, or secures him in any jail so government; a circumsance which the

> As the principal support of a newspaper at this place is derived from subscriptions, the editor trufts that the friends who have heretofore promoted his establishment will spare no diligence, when opportunity offers, to extend the circulation of the Monitor: An exten-HE subscriber respectfully informs sive circulation alone can give to him the public that he has rented Mr. | the means necessary for the correct

For Sale. 160 lbs. best Peruvian Bark. 50 bottles Castor Oil. 10 gallons Lemon Shrub. 64 do. Flaxseed Oil.

An assortment of patent and other medicines, which will be sold low, for CASH only, by

DAN. ANNIN. Charlestown, August 1, 1808.

WANTED, A Lad of 12 or 14 years

of age, of respectable pahand, and can come well it is supposed they will convey him to recommended. Inquire DAN. ANNIN. Charlestown, July 15, 1808.

Ten Dollars Reward. ESERTED from the recruiting rendezvous, at Woodflock, Shenandoah county, Virginia, Diffrict No. 2 TIMOTHY CUNNINGHAM, a soldier in the fifth regiment of infantry of the army of the United States-Born in Fauquier county and flate of Virginia old, switch tail, a flar on her forehead, ches high, dark complexion, blue eves and one hind foot white up to the fet- dark hair, and by profession a laborer lock; no shoes on. Also, on the first of All recruiting parties throughout the U-June, A BRIGHT BAY MARE, about nited States, and all citizens thereof are three years old, a small flar on her fore- requested to apprehend and secure said under their notice, for which the above sert this advertisement in their papers. NIMROD LONG, Capt. 5th R.

Woodflock, August 24, 1808. CASH will be given for clean line and cotton rags at this office.

Farmer's Repository.

VOL. I.

CHARLES TOWN, (Virginia,) PRINTED BY WILLIAMS AND BROWN.

TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM. FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1808.

ONE HALF IN ADVANCE.

A List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office, Charlesif not taken up before the first day of January next, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

Mrs. Susan Alexander, Wm. Arm-Arong, Alexander Straith.

Samuel Beocock, Bazil D. Beall, Samuel Bond, Peter Bramhall, Benjamin Becler.

Robert Carter, William P. Cragson, William Cherry, F. Clapper, Henry Crawford, David Cline.

Joseph Edwards, Abraham Eversole, Morgan Eaton.

Jason Goings, Henry Garnhart, John Gardner, Henry W. Gray.

Morgan Heaton, Mary Harris, Eli-

William Jones, Robert Johnston.

Lucinda Kercheval, John Kennedy, Miss Catharine Cradock.

Theo. Lee, John Lock, James Laurence, Mrs. Claray Lawe, Robert Luco. Mrs. Either Lashells, Barnard proceedings of that cabinet. The No- city ought to be upon the United States

James M'Laughlin, Joseph M'Intolh, Samuel Melvin, Francis Moore.

Dysan Negoecient. Henry O'Neal.

William Philips, E. and J. Potter Ruse Pritchet.

Mr. Russell, Samuel Russell, Charles

Henry Skaggs, George Sanks, Robert B. Stubblefield, John B. Stubble- at their last session; "to prohibit af- one particular advantage of this mode field, John Spangler, Jacob Strider, ter the Godfrey Shepherd, North & Small-

Christopher Tucker, Aquilla Tho- such prohibition expedient." mas, 2 letters.

Paul Ummersetter. Joseph Vanvacter.

Michael Wysong, Thomas West, George Washington, Jacob Wark, 2, Thomas Wilson, Carver Willis.

J. HUMPHREYS. Charlestown, Oct. 1, 1808.

From the ENQUIRER.

he would hereafter except the Ame- immense volume the old gentleman that Pilot Jefferson will hoift every sail rican commerce from the operation of would be obliged to waddle under .- to the breeze, and bear away for the that the American vessels have been has few well wishers, notwithstanding permitted to sail from the ports of he is a pack horse for evil doers, it is

Let us suppose, that Bonaparte has man yearn to think of the fatigue he given the most explicit and positive as- would be forced to endure in making surances to this effect. Let us suppose his collections of the sins of this conthat these assurances will be communi- troversial age for his register by enter- New Hampshire, general ticket, cated to the British government, and ing them upon a blank book: A much Massachusetts; mode of electing that the British cabinet is required to easier mode, and one perhaps quite as exempt the American commerce from agreeable to his devilfhip, would be to the operation of their orders. What seize the Gazette files of the offenders Rhode Island, by general ticket,

will be the consequence? In the first place, it is not probable ther, by which means he would find Vermont, by do. hill, Mrs. Fanny Collins, John Claw- that the British cabinet will now ac- himself in possession of the whole mass New York, by do. quiesce in our just demands. These of lies in bunches. His sooty highness New Jersey, by general ticket, orders are so directly aimed to injure | might begin at the southward, the cli- Pennsylvania, do. the trade and to influence the politics mate being more congenial to his natu- Delaware, by the legislature, Richard Duffield, James Dorsey, and Presidential election of the U. S. ral temperament, and season himself to Maryland, by districts, Langhorn Dade, Valentine Duft, Sa- to be immediately withdrawn. The the colder latitudes as he advanced to Virginia, by general ticket, situation of the affairs of Spain, and the eastward and northward. At North Carolina, by districts, the encreasing spirit of the cabinet, | Charleston he might seize upon the South Carolina, by the legislature, 10 will add new incitements to the conti- | Courier; at Norfolk on the Ledger, and Georgia, by do. nuation of this system. The cabinet thus journeying onwards to Baltimore, Kentucky, this state is divided inwill conjure up some plausible plea for lay his clutches upon the Federal Re- | to two districts: the counties George Fetter, Miss Mary Ann Fo- the concealment of these views and publican, and that chaste and enlightenpropensities. Perhaps they may re- ed paper published by Mr. Jacob Wagfuse to respect our rights and to repeal | ner. The encounter with the conduc-Travers Glasscock, James Glenn, their own orders, until France has tors of the two last mentioned, I am same number, made a public and most formal revoca- aware would be a doubtful undertak- Ohio, by littricts, tion of all her decrees. It was in the ling, inasmuch as the worthy gentlemen Tennessee, by do. very same spirit, that they pretended with whom the devil would have to to pass their orders of November. | contend, are nearly a match for him in za Hunter, Mary Hains, William H. Although France had given us the most his own way, and old cloven foot would Harding, Mrs. Juliet Hite, 2 letters, formal assurances that the would ex- be sure to meet with a struggle before cept the American trade from the ope- he would be able to get hold of that ration of the Berlin decree, although these assurances were precisely observed, except in one solitary case, which could not have been known to the British cabinet; altho' these assurances and their fulfilment were communicated to that government; yet they had phia the devil would find abundance of no kind of effect upon the policy and employment. His first essay in that vember orders are a decided proof of Gazette and the Political Register. In

Let us then suppose, that such a (major jackson) it would be well for state of things is submitted to the Con- Belzebub to keep a sharp look out, for which is required of them by the rights | and malignant that he will, if he has and honor of our country, is to pursue | the leaft chance, out roar and turn the the very course which was sketched out tables upon the very devil himself. by themselves during the last session; Keeping on, his infernal majesty might to remove the embargo as to all those have some pretty pickings at Newcountries which do not interrupt our York, where, to save the trouble of a commerce, and to continue it as to the second visit, after securing the late Thomas Riley, Andrew Ronomus, ports and possessions of other bellige- file of the American Citizen, it might rents-But it seems, that another not be amiss to place Mr. Cheetham on course, which they could pursue, would be to adopt one of the resolutions | getting Boston at all events) the devil suggested to the Senate of the U. States | might do his business in a trice; and

> all commercial intercourse," with the him a world of travel, because, instead nation, "whose edicts against the neuof visiting every scribbler's habitation tral commerce of the U. States render

From the MONITOR.

Among the legends of old times per, and various offenders of great nothere is a tale that the devil appeared to St. Augustine, with a large book upon his back, fastened with great clasps, which was the register wherein he kept his account of sins committed, and it might rake them into a heap without seemed a sufficient load for him. If his Satannic majesty were to parade bundle. himself through the United States at this time, he would be under the necessity of stopping now and then at a politics, happening to meet a few days book-binder's shop to get a few extra- since, fell to disputing about the ordinary sheets of paper stitched into embargo. "Now," said the republihis book, in order to enable it to con- ean, "suppose you were in a tight It has reached the U. S. through a tain the crying sins of these days. I good thip with plenty of provisions, variety of sources, that France pro- make the supposition under the impres- making for the land, in thick weather, poses some relaxation or modification sion that political lying is a sin, with and without an observation for several In the court of Chancery for the Richof her decrees. The surmise is stated | which the sovereign of the infernal re- days, what would you do?" "Why," in letters from France and England, | gions has as much to do, as any offence | returned the other, " I would heave to, as well as in the London prints. This against the injunctions of the deca- and wait till it cleared up." "Very communication is said to have been car- logue. His load would in a little time | well," said the first, "and what | ried to England in the St. Michael's, be insupportable, and he would be com- would you do then?" "I would pro- tion of usury, the chancellor decided the government vessel of the United pelled by the increasing burthen, to ceed on my voyage," replied the other. that where a man comes into a court of call up some of the under devils to as- "Right!" said the first-" and depend equity, to be relieved from a deed of It is probable, that there is some sift him. When we consider the vast upon it that as soon as the thick weath- trust, founded upon an usurious transtruth in these reports. It is possible, number of folios crowded with lies, er, which renders the pursuit of com- action, and the usury is proved by the

his decrees. It seems to be a fact, Although the devil is a personage who port of prosperity. Balt. E. Post. The following thews the mode of choos enough to make the bowels of mortal

sing Electors for President and Vice President in the different flates, with the number of votes to each.

not yet regulated by law; at the last election by general ticket, 19

from one end of the country to the o- | Connecticut, by the legislature,

on the south side of Kentucky river, elect four electors, and those on the north side the

Votes, 176

BRITISH FRIENDSHIP. Captain Bernard handed the following

number of the North American whereto the editor of the Norfolk Herald, in Mr. Jacob has made some remarks and requested him to give it publicity. upon the flory concerning the appro-Monday, August the 1st, at P. M. priation of two millions of dollars, bein lat. 37, 13, N. long. 17, 38, W. two cause that contains some of the blackest sail to windward bearing down for usof the publisher's sins-In Philadelat 7 they fired a gun and hoisted their ensigns, upon which we boifted ours: in 15 minutes they fired another gun, upon this we hoifted our courses and dealing with the editor of the latter, from each ship came on board, overhauled our papers, and behaved in a gress of the U. S. The least thing, the major is constitutionally so choleric very shameful manner, after which they came on deck, saying they would give us some trouble, for they like to trouble Americans! and ordered us to stand to the eastward with them. (During this wanton conduct, captain B. said not a word.) They then ordered our crew to be mustered, and after overhauling them, swore that they would take two that had protections, and asked one of them what day of the one of his horns. In this way (not formonth he was born on; on this our Captain said that was never put in any protection; upon which one of them of proceeding is, that it would save turned round and firuck him a blow in the face, saying, if he opened his mouth again he would give him five times as for the purpose of ascertaining his sins, much; then ftruck the mate repeatedly, he would find them all in the newspawithout any provocation, and told him pers, and thus would Mr. Timothy board and flogged! They then went on Pickering, Mr. Robert Goodloe Harboard their thips, telling us not to toriety, be properly enrolled as well as make sail until they gave us orders; the poor scrubs of Printers. As to the wore ship and ran down under our lee, inferior kind of offending papers, a few and without hailing or saying a word, sub-devils scampering over the union, fired 3 shot at us, which passed over us between the main and fore masts, a litdistinction, and convey them off in a tle above our long boat. They then made sail to the eastward, and we made

sail and flood on our course. JOHN BERNARD, Master of the ship Hero. WILLIAM COFFIN. NICHOLAS MEOPLEE.

From the (Richmond) Spirit of '76.

CLEOFAS.

Two masters of vessels, of opposite

mond District. September Term, 1808. MARKS DA. MORRIS.

that Bonaparte has given some assu- which are daily thrust upon the world, merce unsafe, is blown away and the testimony of witnesses, he shall be rerances to our minister in Paris, that it is marvellous to conceive what an sun of liberty illuminates the ocean, lieved not only from the interest, but

from the debt. In such a case, the de- 1 culty in referring my conduct to the | lation, and among others, it is said that cision of a Court of Equity, the chan- judgment of every dispassionate per- | Joseph Bonaparte was thot as he was cellor said, will be precisely the same son. To accusations of party motives preparing to leave Madrid, on the a port in the United States of American with the decision of a Court of Law. of self-interested meanness, I can op- | 27th ultimo. the security, is considered as void.

swer, then the act of Assembly, which | me to enter into any further defence. speaks of suits in chancery, for the purpose of discovering usury, applies, and the borrower will be obliged to return the principal money borrowed.

LONDON, August 5.

Dinner at the City of London Tavern, in compliment to the Spanish Depu-

Yesterday the illustrious personages who have visited this country on the most important mission in the history of modern diplomacy, were entertained at this tavern, the principal apartments of which were prepared in great talle for their reception. At about half paft six the noble foreigners arrived, and accompanied by the British ministers, entered the room, where they were received by nearly three hundred of the principal merchants, bankers and traders of the city of London, and by most of the heads of the incorporated companies. About 100 more persons dined in an adjacent apartment, and joined their friends when the cloth was removed, and sufficient accommodation could be afforded.

The following were the toalts first given, some of which were introduced by fhort observations from the chair, sons named in them:

" The King."

"The Queen."

and the House of Braganza." " The King of Sweden."

"The King of the Two Sicilies." America." -

The only interruption of the general this last toalt was announced : and the | tanos was advancing in La Mancha." marks of disapprobation continued until a new subject drew the attention of amount of the force advancing from the company.

To the Editor of the London Morning

If the dissatisfaction which followed the toast I gave at the public dinner last week, by many supposed to have been " The President of the United States," but actually " The Pre- Gallician armies. sident and United States of America," had been confined to the company present, I should have considered any blame that might have attached to me fully removed by the general approba- their orders with much exactness. come to anchor at Falmouth. tion expressed afterwards at n. v conduct; but as it has excited much ob- ever by the troops, the peasants forced servation, I must request your indul- into the town, and occasioned the disgence to insert a few lines in juffifica- orderly retreat of the French. The tion of myself. I have always consi- fugitives were pursued by the patriots, dered it to be the duty of a chairman to | and we are happy to add, that eight of act with impartiality and propriety, and | the waggons, heavily laden with plunnot to introduce toals at a public dinner | der, were captured by the Asturians; in a clandestine manner. To prove that and the best hopes are entertained that I had no such intention, the toasts were | most of the booty would be recovered. printed, with a translation for the in- It is not impossible, that Don Joseph formation of the visitors, and diffri- may find himself intercepted before he buted at the table at which I sat, al- has an opportunity of quitting the scene though I believe they were only parti- of his aggression. ally circulated at the other tables. All Our readers will recollect the sudthe friendly governments, with their | den and then unaccountable proceedrespective sovereigns, were given in ing of Gen. Cuesta, after the battle of regular succession: Spain, Portugal, Rio Seco, when he disbanded his in- of the 5th July, 1808, having ordered, Sweden, Sicily, concluding with A. | fantry, and set off at the head of his | that all hostilities against Spain on the merica. My situation was a public cavalry, no one knew whither. It is part of his Majesty shall immediately. one, and it was not permitted for me | now said, that the object of the rapid | cease, and that the blockade of all the to indulge a private opinion or feeling | movement was to intercept Joseph | ports of Spain, except such as may be - Brick impartiality and correct pro- Bonaparte in his flight from Madrid; Rill in possession, or under the control priety demanded that I should propose, an event which the Spanish officer of France, shall be forthwith raised? and not omit America, with whom we deemed too probable not to prepare are in amity and friendship, placing for. that country on an equal footing with countries was more or less friendly.-Under these circumstances I must con- : prison.

fess that I feel neither doubt nor diffi-!

I ain, sir, Your most humble servant, FRANCIS BARING. Hill-ftreet, Aug. 11, 1808.

Aug. 12. Bonaparte, and all the French, are back to the French frontier.

"Intelligence was received this morning by government, from lieute- | RIO SECO, (Spain) July 23. nant col. Doyle, dated Corunna, the | The French driven to rage and 4th of August, at midnight. The madness by the great slaughter and lieutenant colonel states that he read a discomfiture which they had sustainletter, dated Madrid, 27th of July, ed in the battle of the 14th, entered which says, that on that morning the this place with fire and sword, putting from such port with a cargo the growth French commenced their retreat from to death every one who fell in their that city; that Joseph Bonaparte had way in the streets, and in the houses. quitted Madrid and had taken away In one street they killed 129 individuevery thing of value belonging to the als, and in a single ward upwards of court. Every Frenchman was follow- 208. This carnage was followed by ing him, and they were taking the di- an indiscriminate pillage, which courection of Burgos. The writer of the tinued during the whole of the night; letter is nephew to a member of the and whatever they could not carry off Junta of the Gallicians. A letter from | with them they deflroyed. Church Tarragon, dated the 17th July, states | vestments and utensils, plate, chalithat the army of Valencia and Murcia. ces, pyxes, the sacred hofts all carried complimentary to the illustrious per- | which consisted of 60,000 men, had on | off, or plundered-the images dashed that day passed through that town, on | in pieces! Virgins, matrons, widows, its way to Madrid. It is also stated, ***** young and old all ***** that Echervias, at the head of the Just God! Blessed God! Hast thou "The Prince of Wales and Royal smugglers, had advanced towards Ma- granted permission to the infernal spidrid; and that he was within 18 rits to afflict us, they could not have "Ferdinand the VIIth, King of leagues of that city. Private advices made greater havor in this town! Be from Arragon state, that the Patriots loved father, we confess that though "The Prince Regent of Portugal | had again been successful in that quar- thou dealeft with us most mercifully. ter. Marshal Bessiers has evacuated our sins have deserved a still severer Benevento, A division of the Afturian | chaffisement; but forget not, O Lord, army, under the command of General | that we have all of us a Mediator, who "The President of the U. States of | Ponte, has made an incursion on the | is God with the Father, and that at road towards Burgos, and had taken a this moment Rio Seco is the most un-French convoy, with eight waggons fortunate, the most wretched habitaharmony of the meeting occurred when | ladened with plunder. General Cas- tion on the face of the earth !

The following is ellimated to be the the following Spanish provinces to-

vards Madrid:	
Andalusian levies,	50,000
The Valencian,	45,000
The Murcian,	20,000
The Estramadura,	20,000
	THE RESERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO

135,000 Independent of the Afturian and

departure, the unhappy city of Madrid of August, and proceeded immediate- ed the state of the country. To prewas given up to the plunder of the French soldiery, and they executed passage from Virginia, and did not had ordered the inhabitants to take Whilft the place was ransacking how-

of the members to be thrown into

American vessels may proceed from

Question.

Can an American vessel, having en.

liable to seizure and condemnation as

An American vessel having entered

a port in Spain, previous to the com-

mencement of hostilities by the Patri-

and produce of Spain, direct to a port

in the United States, without being

liable to seizure and condemnation as

breach of the Orders in Council.

above, unless the vessel entered in

August 17.

naparte the Grand Duchy of Berg .-

This resignation was probably made as

a preparatory step to his being made King of Naples. We should think

however, that the recent occurrences

in Spain would rather tend to embar-

BOSTON, Oct. 6.

Yesterday arrived in this port, the

thip United States, capt. Harding, who

eft Carliz the 23d of August, and

brings the Seville Gazette of the 19th,

which contains a confirmation of the

account of JOSEPH BONAPARTE,

with the French army having fled from

Madrid toward, France, on the 30th

of fuly!! Capt. H. adds that it was

generally believed in Cadiz, from the

various accounts which had been re-

ceived there, that Spain was entirely

cleared of French troops, or rather,

that there was not a Frenchman in

arms in Spain!! General Dupont and

all his army were prisoners in and near

been detected in attempting to excite

their arms home to their houses.

It was reported, as fact, that Aus-

TRIA and ITALY had declared against

France, and that some actions had

taken place between them and the

Lord Collingwood with five sail of

the line and several frigates, was off

Cadiz, but was bound up the Mediter.

ranean, as soon as he could learn the

Letters were received in Cadiz, on

the 20th, from Mr. Irving; and capt-

Harding brings dispatches from him

for government, said to be important.

The American vessels at Algeziras

were not liberated. Five of the cap-

tains were at Seville, and were pro-

mised by the Supreme Junta to be im-

VICTORY IN PORTUGAL.

On the 6th of September, close in

with St. Michael's, captain Harding

was boarded by the British frigate

mediately set at liberty.

result of the British in Portugal.

rass this arrangement.

Murat it appears has resigned to Bo-

above?

ca, with a cargo, the produce of the In both courts the contract, as well as pose with confidence a long life passed The intelligence transmitted to go- United States, or colonial produce, under the eyes of many who were pre- vernment by Col. Doyle, states, that provided such produce be not the pro-But if the borrower is unable to prove sent, and I flatter myself, that its unithe usury except by the defendant's an- form tenor renders it not necessary for and the French troops, took the road port of Spain or Portugal; such port to Burgos. General Cueffa, it is said, not being in the possession, or under missed intercepting his majefly on his the control of the enemies of Greatjourney to Madrid only by two hours. Britain, and return back to a port in We thall be glad to find him more for- the United States direct, with a cargo, tunate in intercepting his return .- But the growth or produce of Spain or Por. Bessieres, we observe, has made a tugal. rapid retreat from Benevento to Bur-Dispatches received from Corunna, gos, for the purpose, no doubt, of o August 5, announce that Joseph flanking and covering Joseph's passage tered a port in Spain previous to the commencement of hollilities by the

preparing to evacuate Spain. The The intelligence from Corunna en- Patriots against the enemy, proceed highly important intelligence was cir- courages us to hope that, in a very from such port with a cargo, the growth culated yesterday in the form of a short time, the war between France and produce of Spain, direct to a port Bulletin, conceived in the following and Spain will be a war of the Pyre- in the United States, without being

NEW-YORK, October 8. Latest from London.

The thip Flora, from London, camup yelterday morning. She left Fal- Cadiz, and transports were preparing mouth on the 24th of August. A com- to carry them to France. General mercial friend has favored the Editor | Dupont had been put in close confineof the Mercantile Advertiser with a | ment, in consequence of his having file of the " Courier," to the 19th.

The American packet schr. Hope, an effort among the French to rise, Woodward, arrived at Falmouth and to temper with the lovalty of the Spani-It is said that on Joseph Bonaparte's landed a messenger on the 15th or 16th ards, and to act as a spy, as it respect. ly for L'Orient. She had but 23 days | vent any disturbances, the governor

LONDON, Aug. 15.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL. The Lords of the Committee of Council for Trade and Foreign Plantations, having authorised us to make public the following answers to certain questions proposed by us to their Lordthips, we publish them for the information of all whom they may concern: THOS. BARING.

A. GLENNIE, THOS. MULLETT. London, Aug. 15.

Can an American vessel proceed | Eugene, five days from Lisbon bound from a port in the United States of A- to Halifax, after stopping a few hours Letters are said to have been receiv- merica, with a cargo, the produce of at St. Michael's. Was treated very the reft. An American minister 18 ed, which state the arrival of Bonaparte | the United States, or colonial produce, politely and informed that the British here; we have one in America: a at Paris, and that he had determined | direct to any port of Spain or Portugal, | took possession of Lisbon on the 29th flate of peace mult therefore be sup- upon calling out every person capable | not being in the possession of the ene- or 30th of August, after a severe action posed to exift; and it would have been of bearing arms, from the age of 16 to mics of Great Britain, and return back with Junot's army, in which the Bripresumption for me, in the chair of so | 40, for the purpose of being marched | to a port in the United States direct, tifh lost 1000 killed and between 2 respectable an assembly, and in the against Spain. It is added, that the with a cargo the growth or produce of and 3000 Frenchmen, and wounded presence of his majefty's ministers, to Senate had expressed a reluctant | Spain or Portugal, without being liable a great number. Junot's army, which have decided whether the present flate sentiment upon the subject, in conse- to capture and condemnation, under had surrendered, consisted of 17,000 of the connexions between the two quence of which he had ordered eight. the Orders of Council of the 11th and surviving troops. 25th of November, 1807, and the seve- The Russian fleet had capitulated, ral acts of Parliament passed to carry and was to be sent to England. This frigate was direct from England with There are several reports in circu- them into effect?

convoy off Lishon-did not enter the | States, leaving the Embargo in force |

Tagus-was off there but one day. shore at St. Michael's; saw and con- sole pretext on which the British or- cil." The frame to which it was atversed with Mr. Eckley, the Ameri- ders are expressly founded, to wit: the tached, somewhat resembled a galcan consul, but he had no news of con- acquiescence of the United States in lows; the whole was consumed amid

[From the N. Y. E. Post.] IMPORTANT.

CADIZ, Aug. 26.

ards have behaved with great gallantry, vernment.

CHARLES TOWN, October 14.

Price of flour in Alexandria, on Monday laft, five dollars and a half.

From the National Intelligencer, of

October 10. bringing dispatches both from Mr. no change. Pinkney and Gen. Armstrong.

ed. In the mean time there is reason the Embargo Laws. Salem paper. to believe that no final decision had been expressed by either of the belligerent governments, on the appeal made by the President to the justice | the ardent patriotism of Baltimore by and policy of rescinding their illegal the following tellimonials. edicts, under the authority vested in her setting the example of changing it.

on to concur in the contemplated ar- with the proper officers. Citizens of angement had undergone a change. every business and profession were in war; and we cannot wonder when we ificulties were flarted as unexpected the processional ranks. They were reflect on the almost uniform success of they were irrelative and inauspici- attended by martial music. Ous. Whether further explanation After moving through the different they had been taught to believe invinand reflection would lead to the result | freets of the city, they reached Hamp- | cibie. Already the losses of the French ue to the fair and friendly views of stead hill about dusk, where they kin- in this country are said to be in killed e United States must soon be known. | dled a flame around six pipes of Gin, |

as to France if the adheres to her ille- ed a canvas, which bore the following Baylen to upwards of 20,000 men." The same day captain H. went a- | gal decrees, takes away absolutely the | inscription-" British orders in Counsequence—no American vessel there. the French decrees; and as her wishes the patriotic shouts of thousands of our would be gratified with the whole of fellow citizens. our trade in case France refused to re- After this was accomplished the pro- some measure the decision which our

our trade, which is admissible. This ment by rendering abortive the meaport being now open, all neutrals are sures taken in vindication of our just admitted to a free entry—the block- rights. She calculates upon our divi-

they are some of those soldiers who Bonaparte had, on his retreat from conquired at Marengo, Austerlitz and Madrid, reached Bayonne.

> From the Washington Monitor, MARYLAND ELECTIONS. FOR CONGRESS.

Republican .- Roger Nelson, Nicholas R. Moore; Alexander M.Kim, and Archibald Vanhorne-6.

known to Congress, which is soon to U.S. resumed its session in this town, meet, with any further communica- when his honor the Judge pronounced tions which may be previously receiv- the CONSTITUTIONALITY of

Baltimore, October 3.

my discourages a reliance, at least on GOD SAVE THE REPUBLIC!

As the offer to repeal the Embargo as on which had been paid tribute to t relates to England on her revoking. Great Britain, accompained by a disher orders as they relate to the United | charge of 17 tounds of cannon.

Over the pipes of Gin was suspend- | alone amounted before the battle of

A merchant of this city, handed us, illegal obstructions to a general com- city. When they arrived in South the embargo. The success of the Spathis forenoon, a letter from his corres- merce would take place, in case street opposite the residence of Mr. niards has been singular; and indeed pondent at Cadiz, co aining the fol- France agreed to repeal them, Eng- M'Kim, he addressed them as friends, so much so, that we who are on the land may still be expected to accede fellow citizens and Americans, thank- spot, and in a great degree eye witto the views disclosed by the Presis ed them for the honors conferred on nesses, can hardly credit it. How "The British ships of war in this dent, if her own views do not now him, gloried in the testimony they had much more incredible must it appear to quarter and particularly off here, have forsake the original and avowed obreceived orders from the Admiralty ject of her orders, in favor of some ples for which the belt blood of our Spaniards as the molt degraded people to discharge alithe American seamen diffinct and unfriendly policy towards country had been spilt, and was glad on earth, to find that they have been and in consequence a great many For ourselves we do not conceal the day. When three huzzas were gihave obtained their discharge and our conviction, founded on a variety ven. The procession moved on a the World! Saragossa has made itself come on there here; this you may of known circumstances, as well as small distance further, when the patriflate as a fact, as I can vouch for the the language of certain English prints, otic farmer, Stansbury, addressed the teen attacks of the flower of the French truth of it, having conversed with mathat the British policy is co-operating audience with his usual warmth, was army; commanded by one of its celeny of them since their liberation—this with the efforts made among our- huzzaed, and retired. The process- brated chiefs. Saragossa is defended selves, to alienate the affections of our sion as they passed General Smith's by a trifling wall, more intended to Our vessels navigating in this quar- citizens from their government, thus residence gave him three hearty cheers, check smugglers than for a defence. In ter are treated politely by the English, the more effectually to answer and pro-

ade is raised, and some of the British sions, and to divide and paralise us, of a crowd, the son-in-law of Luther fire was put to trains of powder leading day evening at Fulton's, in the midit had advanced a considerable diftance, men of war have quitted this flation of the acts one way and talks another. Martin, Mr. Keene, late an officer in to mines placed under the ftreets where entirely. Lord Collingwood leaves There can scarcely be a doubt that the the navy, in consequence of some pre- the French troops were marching, and here in a few days, to proceed to Bar- is playing the most dexterous card in vious dispute with lieut. John B. Ni- above 6000 were destroyed. More celona, in Catalonia, which place, order to influence the pending electicholson, drew a piftol from his pocket than one thousand women fell fighting; after being for a long time in possession tions, particularly that of Chief Ma- and fired at the lieut. The ball miss- and the inhabitants came to a determiof the French, is at length said to be gillrate for the ensuing four years. | ing Nicholson, perforated the cheek of nation to set fire to the whole town raentirely clear of them. It is computed We shall be happy, if, even after she a gentleman who we are informed ther than give it up to the French. that the French have already lost in shall have been completely baffled in losges at Mr. Parker's, South street. After the last attack the few remaining. this country an hundred thousand her hopes on this head, as baffled the Mr. Keene was immediately appre- troops fled; and we are assured that men in killed and prisoners. In all infallibly will be, the at length accède hended and carried before Esquire the province of Arragon is thus cleared the actions with the French the Spani- to the just terms offered by our go- Asquith, who admitted him to bail, of Frenchmen." and they begin to find that their ene- According to verbal intelligence re- Martin, as his security for 10,000 dol- Extract of a letter from Cadiz, dated lars, for his appearance. Whatever may have been Mr. Keene's aggravatwo or three hundred persons.

Baltimore American.

John Montgomery, Mr. Brown, (in the recom of Edward Lloyd, declined,)

England from l'eneriffe, which state, treacherous tyrant will be compelled to that as soon as it was known there that restore our young monarch, Ferdinthe royal family of Spain had been tre- and 7th, who will have the glory to Federal.—Philip Barton Kee, John | panned to Bayonne by Bonaparte, and | give peace and freedom to Europe." The St. 11 haels arrived at Balti- Campbell, Goldsborough 3. compelled to renounce their rights, the more on Saturday lall, rom L'Orient, So that with regard to members of inhabitants came to the unanimous rewhich the left the 21th of August, congress, Maryland has experienced solution to resist the usurpation of Bonaparte. All the French merchants | Louis, from the neighborhood of the and residents were put in prison, and a Rocky Mountains, with a valuable. The contents will doubtless be made Yesterday the District Court of the guard was placed over the French con- cargo of Furs, he informs that the sul, but he was permitted to reside in Indians up the Missouri are peaceably

gentleman in Gadiz to his friend in

"Joseph Bonaparte, with his French troops, evacuated Madrid on the 31ft him by the acl of Congress, to suspend | To all Republicans of Baltimore City | where the remains of the French arin whole or in part the Embargo daws. and County, that the CARGO OF mies are collecting, with the intention Notwithstanding the manifest interest GIN, lately imported in the brig So- probably of maintaining themselves and sound policy which plead with phia, captain Carman, from Rotter- near the frontiers until the arrival-of system the has adopted against her ene- stead-Hill.-Let all the people shout- vernment, which will probably be fixed at Madrid. From present appear-It is understood, that appearances . After the certainty of the county e- rative Republic, the provincial Juntas were at first favorable to the expecta- lection was ascertained yesterday, a delegating to the general government on that the British government would procession was formed at the Point, such power only as they themselves are yield to the unobjectionable arrange- composed of the farmers of the county, unable individually to exercise; such hent contemplated by the President of and the seamen, mechanics and mer- as the negociations with foreign powers, a revocation of the Orders of Council | chants of the city and Point, together | the management of the colonies and as they regard the United States, and with other republican citizens. In the the direction of the army and navy. the Embargo as it regards Great- front was borne the plough on wheels, . It is like wise proposed, that each prodritain; and that there was moreover under the guidance of capt. Stansbury, vince shall be represented by two mema disposition indicated to resume the one of the county members elect. bers, with equal votes. I send you affair of the Chesapeake, with a view This was followed by citizens of the the declaration of two of the Juntas, to some effective-step towards its ac- precincts and county. To this sue- viz. of Grenada and Valentia, on this commodation, particularly the resto- ceeded a schooner appropriately rig- subject. In the mean time, the greatration of the seamen flill detained in ged, decorated and manned. On effections are making by the Provinptivity, to which it was admitted board of this vessel were the city can- ces to be in readiness to resilt the exere could be no reasonable objection. didates for assembly, and the congres- pected attack, and so encouraged and At a latter date, the apparent disposi- sional members elect of the diffrict, elated are the people, that not a doubt and prisoners more than 50,000 men, and I believe the flatement is not exaggerated, as it appears by the Spanish official account that the army of Dupont

gentleman resident in Spain, dated August 26. "The extraordinary changes in this

multitude quietly dispersed. Amer. | ftand the impetuous ardor of the French troops, they let them into the After the Polls had closed on Mon- city; and when about eight thousand

August 2d, 1808.

"The French are beaten in every tion, nothing can extenuate the high part of Spain, and are flying in every criminality of his conduct in deliber- direction. God is on our side. There ately firing at a person in a crowd of are upwards of thirty thousand French prisoners of war now in this city, among whom are several generals; five of their ships of the line and one frigate, Accounts have been received in are also in our possession, The

Louisville, Sept. 7. Mr. Manuel has just arrived at St. inclined; that the Richaraes are sorry for their behaviour to lieut. Pryor, Extract of a letter from an American | when on his way to the Mandane nation .- We learn that a company is New York, dated 24th of August, forming at New-York, with a capital of 100,000 dollars, to erect a chain of factories up the Missouri and down the Columbia rivers to the Pacific Ocean, and export their furs to China, from the mouth of the latter river.

France, to concur in the equitable dam, having paid an Infamous Tribute, the reinforcements from France. The has lately sent a letter, sealed with his views of the United States, her infais condemned to the FLAMES, and will provincial Juntas are now deliberating royal arms, to the lady whom he married some years ago in America. It was addressed to her as'" Miss Patterson," and was accompanied with several presents of considerable value. In his letter he acquainted her, that his Imperial brother, Napoleon, having called him to the kingly dignity, and reasons of flate having compelled him to give his hand to a Princess of the German Empire, the must no longer consider him in any other light than as a Sovereign unconnected with her by former ties. This youngest representative of the family destined by Providence to reign over Europe, may possibly, like his brother Joseph, find himself ere long in a situation, to induce Miss Patterson, rather to congratulate herself, than to regret, that the has not been made queen of Wellphalia.

> A witty moralist used to say of taverns, that they were places where men sold madness by the bottle.

> ON THE DEATH OF A TOPER. Adieu friend Tom, thy bottle's out, This carping world denied thy mes

Thy bliss is now supreme, no doubt, In that bleft world—the world of THE FAIR VICTIM.

the Thuilleries, where their respective balloons were ready to receive them.

Each, attended by his second, ascend-

ed his car, with loaded blunderbusses,

as piltols could not be expected to be ef-

multitude attended, hearing of the bal

oons, but little dreaming of the pur-

pose; the Parisians merely looked for

the novelty of a balloon race. At 9

loons ascended majeffically, amidft the

flouts of the spectators. The wind

W, and they kept, as far as could be

judged, within eighty yards of each

other. When they had mounted to

the height of about nine hundred yards,

M. Le Pique fired his piece ineffectually; almost immediately after the fire

was returned by M. Grandpre, and

perforated his adversary's balloon, the

consequence of which was its rapid de-

scent, and M. Le Pique and his se-

cond, were both dashed to pieces on a

house top, over which the balloon fell.

The victorious Grandpre then mount-

scended safe, with his second, about

seven leagues from the place of ascen-

Method of making balsamic and anti-

putrid Vinegar.

handful of lavender, leaves and flow-

ers, the same quantity of sage, leaves

and flowers, hyssop, thyme, balm,

two heads of garlic. Before this vine-

gar is used, it should have been infused

at least a fortnight or three weeks;

medy Madam Gacen Dufour, the au-

thor of several excellent works on

rural and domestic economy, states

that the has repeatedly cured poor

laboring people who had received

wounds so dangerous to prevent them

from working. Two or three days

were sufficient to heal the wound so

as to enable them to return to their oc-

cupations. This vinegar is likewise

excellent for spasms and suffication.

By rubbing the hands and temples with

strongly characteristic of the differ-

ence between the manners of the

THE GOOD NEIGHBOUR.

willing to lend as well as to borrow;

The duties and the comforts of good

French and English:

savory, a good handful of salt, and

Take good white wine vinegar, a

[London paper of July 24.]

ficient in their probable situations.

Addressed to the dissolute. Here, flop, young man! and if thine

Can shed o'er injur'd worth a tear, With heedless flep, oh pass not by, But wake the thought of pity here.

Beneath this yew's funeral thade, The broken-hearted Nancy sleeps; And often here the passing maid, Or passing ruftic ftops and weeps.

Was gentle as the gentle dove; And died, ah wretched! in despair, The victim of unhallow'd love!

Or, if thou shed'st the bitter tear, O'er thine own sorrows man forlorn! Here pause, for the reposes here Who once like thee was doom'd to

Beneath this yew's dark umbrage reft, Against the rugged trunk reclin'd; And tender thoughts, ideas bleft, Shall softly soothe thy mourning ed aloof in the grandest style, and de-

Spoiler of minds, whose soul is guile, sion. A villain's victim sleeps below! She drank sweet poison in a smile, And found that lawless love was

Modest she was, she knew not art, Her thoughts ne'er soar'd on wings of pride;

Her hand was bounty, and her heart, To pity's mildness was allied.

Love, love the pureft, fir'd her breaft; the longer the better. With this re-Love was betray'd by villany; But now her sorrows are at reft, And her sad flory speaks to thee.

---From the Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

HORSE-RACING.

Extract from Judge Rush's charge to

the Grand Jury respecting Horse-

"Horse racing is attended with ma- it you may venture into foul air. On ny evils, which seem interwoven in its | an occasion of this kind, the abovevery nature-It always collects a num- | mentioned lady very recently exber of ielle persons, and ielle persons | perienced its efficacy. A draw-well are liable to every temptation-A race | was choaked up, and a man employed ground is a theatre of dissipation, and i to open it fell down nearly suffocated. the hot bed of every vice. Many peo- | She rubbed herself well with vinegar, ple go there from harmless curiosity, haltened to the poor man's assistance, do not return as innocent as they and applied it to his nose and mouth. went. The spirit of gambling is infec- He recovered, and with the precautitious, and often seizes on persons of on of smelling it from time to time, he ardent & impetuous tempers, who be- | completed his job without any further | ing once caught in the toils, are sel- inconvenience. dom able to extricate themselves from its fascinating chains. In a country | The following original anecdote, is where horse racing is contrary to law, the destruction of private property is the natural consequence. It therefore uniformly happens, that the grain, A Frenchman and an Englishman grass, and fences of those who live in lately discoursing on the cruelty of the neighborhood, are damaged, or de- their respective nations in killing their stroyed, by an unknown crowd, against | monarchs, Charles I. and Louis XVI. whom it is impossible to obtain redress. Lafter many remarks on both sides, the

"The report of a horse-race spreads Frenchman concluded by observing far and wide, without the aid of a "Well, well, Sir, you must allow that newspaper, and is the well known sig- my countrymen were more polite than nal for collecting together from all yours in the business; for they did not parts of the community, sharpers and | mangle his head with an axe, but gen gamblers of every character and de- teetly slipped it off with an elegant scription. Thither they repair, as to | razor-like machine!" their native element, to practice all the deceptive arts of their profession, with greater latitude and success .-Here our youth, the growing hope of | neighbourhood consists in the supprestheir country, and unwarv old age are | sion of the selfish, the irascible, and equally a prey to the prowling sharper: the malevolent passions, & in the cultihere, excess, riot, and debauchery of | vation and exercise of those that are every kind, predominate. Here too, generous and friendly. He that is atthe sacred name of the Deity is univer- | tentive only to his own concerns and sally profaned, while oaths and execra- interests, and cares not what becomes tions rend the very air, and resound of others; he that is easily provoked a spot upon the face of the earth, which | their hurt, or is glad of their calamity, | a horse-race."

Elevated Warfare.

taken place at Paris. M. Grandpre | the interests of those among whom he and M. Le Pique, having quarrelled lives; who being a fallible creature about a celebrated Opera dancer, who himself, is disposed to make all reasonwas kept by the former, but had been able allowances for the failings of o discovered in an intrigue with the later thers; in short, who is observant of ter, a challenge ensued. Being both the golden rule, to do to others what. men of elevated minds, they agreed to soever he would have others to do to him.

fight in balloons. On the day appoint | To the Citizens of Jeffer-

formed, that the Election about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, 26 of Electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, will take an African, but can talk plain enough if o'clock the cords were cut, and the bal- place on the 7th of November, being the first of his head, and sometimes tied. Had For black hair'd Nancy, kind and fair, was moderate, blowing from the N. N. | Monday in that month.

> TO THE PATRONS OF THE MONITOR.

The editor of the MONITOR is an enemy to long addresses, filled up with egotisms and promises of future performances. His works and not his professions constitute the standard by which he desires to be judged. He deems it necessary, however, at this time to offer a few concise observations to his patrons with respect to his paper.

THE MONITOR IS NOW ESTABLISHED; and with the follering aid of republicans will Hourish. Its friends need no longer fear for its continuance, nor its enemies utter their false prophecies of its downfall. The City of Washington has become the editor's permanent abode, which nothing shall be able to change but a removal of the seat of the general government; a circumstance which the editor hopes and believes will never take

"As the principal support of a newspaper at this place is derived from subscriptions, the editor trufts that the friends who have heretofore promoted his establishment will spare no diligence, when opportunity offers, to extend the circulation of the Monitor: An extensive circulation alone can give to him the means necessary for the correct

management of his press. The editor can assure his subscribers that the Monitor shall be ENLARGD to a size as great as that of the National Intelligencer, if not larger, by the meeting of congress in November next; and that the proceedings of that body, together with all public vouchers and documents will be most faithfully and at an early day laid before the nation. In this particular the editor has no doubt of giving the most complete satisfaction to men ef

Washington City, Sept. 20, 1808.

For Sale. 160 lbs. best Peruvian Bark. 50 bottles Castor Oil. 10 gallons Lemen Shrub. 64 do. Flaxseed Oil.

medicines, which will be sold low, for | Had on when he went away a pair of CASH only, by DAN. ANNIN.

Charlestown, August 1, 1808. WANTED,

of age, of respectable parents, who writes a good hand, and can come well recommended. Inquire DAN. ANNIN. Charlestown, July 15, 1808.

Ten Dollars Reward. DESERTED from the recruiting rendezvous, at Woodstock, Shenandoah county, Virginia, District No. 2.

TIMOTHY CUNNINGHAM, a soldier in the fifth regiment of infantry, of the army of the United States-Born in Fauquier county and state of Virginia, from every quarter. In short, it would | and ready to resent; he that is envious | aged twenty-one years, five feet six inbe difficult, if not impossible, to name | at the prosperity of others, or wishes | ches high, dark complexion, blue eyes, dark hair, and by profession a laborer. combines so many means of destroying | cannot be a good neighbour. He only | All recruiting parties throughout the Uthe virtue and morality of a country as is deserving of the character, who is | nited States, and all citizens thereof are kind, obliging, who is willing to do a requested to apprehend and scure said good turn, as well as to receive one; Timothy Cunningham, should be come under their notice, for which the above A singular species of duel has lately | who is tender of the characters and of | reward will be given. It is hoped that patriotism will prompt all printers to insert this advertisement in their papers. NIMROD LONG, Capt. 5th R. I.

> Woodstock, August 24, 1808. BLANK DEEDS For sale at this Office.

20 Dollars Reward.

son County.

YOU are respectfully in
RANAWAY from the subscriber living in Jefferson county, Virginal, near Harper's Ferry, on the ninth instant, a Negro Man named Robin, years of age, of a black complexion. rather slender made, has a lively pleasant countenance when in a good humour, and sometimes talks a little like he chuses, has long wool which he generally keeps coned in a roll on the top on when he went away, a home made

tow linen thirt, and a pair of dark colour. ed home made trowsers of cotton and wool, twilled, and a striped swandown waift coat, all much worn; withou either hat or shoes. I purchased sail negro last winter of the estate of Mr. Peter Whiting, deceased, and it is sunposed he will be sculking about the widow Whiting's, or Beverly Whiting's as he has a number of connexions there and in that neighborhood—he has also ived some years in Loudon county, in the neighborhood of the late Gen. Mason, where he may endeavor to go. Whoever takes up said negro and brings him home, or secures him in any jail so. that I get him again, shall receive Ten' Dollars reward, if under forty miles from home, if forty miles or upwards, the above reward, paid by me

JAMESS. FERGUSON. September 10, 1808.

Fulling and Dyeing.

HE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has rented Mr. Benjamin Beeler's Fulling Mill, three miles from Charlestown, Jefferson county, where he intends to carry on the above business in all its various branch es. For the convenience of those living at a diftance, cloth will be received at Messrs. Taylor's & Crupper's store in Battletown, which will be attended to every second & fourth Saturday in the month, and returned when dreft, Cash must be paid when the cloth is taken away. All those who may please to favor him with their cuftom, may depend upon having their cloth done in the bell and neatest miner, and on the shortest

ANDREW ROARK. September 9, 1808.

Ten Dollars Reward. D AN AWAY on Tuesday the 16th inflant, from the subscriber, living on the road from Charlestown to Win rick county, (Vir.) a negro man name SIMON, of a yellow complexion, 1 years of age, and about 5 feet 6 ort inches high; has a scar on the top of his An assortment of patent and other head, and a down look when spoken to Corduroy overalls, an old waith contand a wool hat; but as he is an artful thiering fellow, he will probably get other clothing. He has been seen with some of Mr. Francis Whiting's negroes, and it is supposed they will convey him to A Lad of 12 or 14 years Mr. Beverly Whiting's quarter in Jelferson county. The above reward will be given for apprehending and securing him in jail, and reasonable charges if

CASPAR SEEVERS. Frederick county, Va. Aug. 26, 1808.

Five Dollars Reward. CTRAYED from the farm of the sub-I scriber, living about two miles from Charlestown, sometime in April lall, A BLACK MARE, rising four years old, switch tail, a ftar on her forehead, and one hind foot white up to the lel-June, A BRIGHT BAY MARE, about three years old, a small flar on her for head, long mane and tail. - The above reward and reasonable charges will given, if the said creatures be brough home, or two dollars and a half for el-

MICHAEL KELLENBERGER August 12, 1808.

Save your Rags

CASH will be given for clean linen and cotto rags, by the printers this paper.

Farmer's Repository.

VOL. I.

CHARLES TOWN, (Virginia,) PRINTED BY WILLIAMS AND BROWN.

TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21, 180

ONE HALF IN ADVANCE.

A List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office, Charlestown, on the 1st day of October, which neral Post-Office as dead letters.

Mrs. Susan Alexander, Wm. Armtrong, Alexander Straith.

Samuel Bond, Peter Bramhall, Benja- he chuses, has long wool which he gemin Beeler.

Henry Crawford, David Cline.

Langhorn Dade, Valentine Duft, Sa- | muel Dayenport.

Joseph Edwards, Abraham Everole, Morgan Eaton. George Fetter, Miss Mary Ann Fo-

Travers Glasscock, James Glenn, ason Goings, Henry Garnhart, John ! Girdner, Henry W. Grav.

za Hunter, Mary Hains, William H. | the above reward, paid by me Harding, Mrs. Juliet Hite, 2 letters, James Hite, John Haynes.

William Jones, Robert Johnston. Lucinda Kercheval, John Kennedy, Miss Catharine Cradock.

rence, Mrs. Clarav Lawe, Hobert Lu-

Dysan Negoecient.

Ruse Pritchet.

Thomas Riley, Andrew Ronomus, Mr. Russell, Samuel Russell, Charles Ridgley.

Henry Skaggs, George Sanks, Robert B. Stubblefield, John B. Stubblefield, John Spangler, Jacob Strider, Godfrey Shepherd, North & Small-

Christopher Tucker, Aquilla Thomas, 2 letters.

Paul Ummersetter.

Joseph Vanvacter.

Michael Wysong, Thomas Well, George Wathington, Jacob Wark, 2, Thomas Wilson, Carver Willis.

Efther Young. . HUMPHREYS. Charlestown, Oct. 1, 1808.

Five Dollars Reward. CTRAYED from the farm of thes ub-S scriber, living about two miles from Charlestown, sometime in April last, A BLACK MARE, rising four years d, switch tail, a flar on her forehead, nd one hind foot white up to the fetock; no shoes on. Also, on the first of une, A BRIGHT BAY MARE, about iree years old, a small star on her foreead, long mane and tail. The above eward and reasonable charges will be

August 12, 1808.

20 Dollars Reward.

about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, 26 rather slender made, has a lively pleasant countenance when in a good humour, and sometimes talks a little like Samuel Beocock, Bazil D. Beall, an African, but can talk plain enough if nerally keeps comed in a roll on the top of his head, and sometimes tied. Had Robert Carter, William P. Crag- on when he went away, a home made hill, Mrs. Fanny Collins, John Claw- | tow linen thirt, and a pair of dark colourson, William Cherry, F. Clapper, ed home made trowsers of cotton and wool, twilled, and a ftriped swandown waift coat, all much worn; without Richard Duffield, James Dorsey, either hat or shoes. I purchased said negro last winter of the estate of Mr. Peter Whiting, deceased, and it is supposed he will be sculking about the widow Whiting's, or Beverly Whiting's as he has a number of connexions there and in that neighborhood-he has also lived some years in Loudon county, in Whoever takes up said negro and brings him home, or secures him in any jail so that I get him again, shall receive Ten Dollars reward, if under forty miles Morgan Heaton, Mary Harris, Eli- from home, il forty miles or upwards,

JAMESS. FERGUSON. September 10, 1808.

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Ten Dollars Reward. 1) AN AWAY on Tuesday the 16 inftant, from the subscriber, living on the road from Charlestown to Winchefter, near Opeckon creek, in Frederick county, (Vir.) a negro man named SIMON, of a yellow complexion, 20 vears of age, and about 5 feet 6 or inches high; has a scar on the top of hi head, and a down look when spoken to Had on when he went away a pair of Corduroy overalls, an old waift coat and a wool hat; but as he is an artful thieving fellow, he will probably get other clotning. He has been seen with some of Mr. Francis Whiting's negroes, and it is supposed they will convey him to Mr. Beverly Whiting's quarter in Je ferson county. - The above reward wil be given for apprehending and securing nim in jail, and reasonable charges brought home.

CASPAR SEEVERS. Frederick county, Va. Aug. 26, 1808

A Petition, of which the following is a copy, was agreed on at a meeting of naturalized citizens residing in the town of Lexington, (Ken.) To the Honourable, the Senate and House of Representatives, in Con-

gress assembled. The Petition of the subscribers. HUMBLY SHEWETH,

THAT his Britannic Majesty havgiven, if the said creatures be brought ing by his Proclamation of the 16th of me, or two dollars and a half for ei- October 1807, claimed the allegiance of all persons who may have been born MICHAEL KELLENBERGER. in his dominions, who were not inhabitants of the United States at the pe-

riod of the revolution; disregarding AN AWAY from the subscriber countries, impressing into his service the laws of naturalization of other R living in Jefferson county, Virgi- his pretended subjects, and treating as if not taken up before the first day of nia, near Harper's Ferry, on the ninth traitors such as may take up arms a-January next, will be sent to the Ge- inflant, a Negro Man named Robin, gainfl him in the service of their adopt- ed in the city this day among the Aed country; we being thereby preclu- merican merchants, respecting certain years of age, of a black complexion, ded from the privilege of following overtures which have been made by the commercial pursuits on the high seas, | government of the United States, leadble to be torn from our families, and America arrived at the house of the

teft in which we have no interest, and | night, with dispaches, brought by the our property would be subject, on the | Hope schooner from Virginia, after same principle, to capture and confis- the short passage of 23 days. The subcation, by any power at war with Great | flance of them was laid before his Therefore we, your petitioners, ney, has been invited to a conference (availing ourselves of the right of citi- previously to their being taken into

the neighborhood of the late Gen. Ma- ral and unjust assumption. Whilst we sent relative situation of the two counson, where he may endeavor to go. sume to dictate the measures to be as ed in London are believed to be of a dopted on your part. best calculated to similar character. afford us relief, we pledge ourselves, that whatever may be the result, we We are well informed, in stating will support our country, with our lives | that the dispatches received from the and properties in all extremities; al- Baltie were rather of a favorable de-

> ights of prisoners of war. United States, who are favourable to tion which we consider as decisive as he subject of the above Petition, will to the objects of them. A letter from clease give it an insertion in their a British officer, dated Helsingburgh

A fair and careful experiment of the and Denmark, communications of a manufacture of the Cotton Blankets for pacific character, and that he was athe use of the hospitals have been re- bout to proceed to Finland to have an cently made under a contract with the interview with his Swedish majesty on Purveyor's Office. The class of Blan- the subject of them. kets attempted by the office, is that de- In regard to Austria and Russia a nominated three point twilled. They | treaty for the mutual delivery of dewere ordered to be made of the weight serters, has been followed by several of sixty six ounces each, or three commercial arrangements, which albounds and one half. They have a though unimportant in themselves, broad blue stripe at each end, with are at the present moment, of interest, the three blue points, and measure six as they shew the increasing amity befeet in length (or forty yards for a tween the two empires. piece of twenty blankets,) and four feet and one half in breadth. The con- raised to the kingly dignity, and suctract price is two dollars and one quar- | ceeds Joseph in the kingdom of Nater for each blanket, of the above di- ples. This event took place on the 1ft, mensions and weight, which will be and in the proclamation which Muras found greater than the medium quality published on his accession, he pro-

blankets. The cotton varn is spun at the fac- What is to become of Joseph? tory of Mr. Joseph Garlick, and the weaving is executing in the factory of Mr. ___ M. Ginnis. It is ascertained, that the shortest upland cotton specially convened, to read the folwill make the best blanket, as the fibres lowing: are more easily raised without break- t ing, into a regular and thick coat of pile to the cards, which are applied being vacated by the accession of our for that purpose, as the last operation | dear and well beloved brother Joseph in the manufacture. The blankets | Napoleon to the throne of Spain and prove to be handsome, firm, and ex- the Indies, we have decreed and do decellent goods, meriting frank accep- cree that the following dispositions

Seven millions and one half of per- ne, the 20th June present year: sons in the United States, at six on a medium in each house, give at the allowance of only five blankets to a fami- in-law PRINCE JOACHIM NAly, the immense number 6,250,000 POLEON, Grand Duke of Borg and blankets in present use in this coun- [Cleves, [General Murat] is King of try. The odd number (50,000) will Naples and Sicily, the commencement serve all the purposes of persons, who of whose reign is dat-d Aug. 1, 1808. sleep without the cover of houses, from | 2. The crown of Naples and Sicily, the nature of their employments and is hereditary in the direct descendants, pursuits-The remainder will re- natural and legitimate of the said which British orders of council and to male in the order of primogeniture, French imitation obstruct the sales. It | to the perpetual exclusion of semales. is respectfully submitted whether the | 3. Nevertheless, in case our dear duty on woollen blankets should not be and well beloved sifter the princess raised on the 4th July to-percentum, Caroline should survive her husband, if foreign governments do not appear | the thall ascend the throne. before the rising of congress, to return | 4. On the demise of our dear to the rule of the law of nations-the and well beloved brother in law prince

Foreign Intelligence.

LONDON, August 19.

in safety, even from one port in the ling to an adjullment of differences Union to another, as we should be lia- with this country. A messenger from constrained to risk our lives in a con- American minister, at a late hour last majefty's ministers; and Mr. Pinckzenship) although we are highly satis- consideration by the privy council. fied with, and have the fullest confi- The Hope, without coming into Faldence in the exertions of the govern- moth, proceeded immediately for ment of the United States, to protect | Havre-de-Grace, with dispatches for her citizens of every denomination, general Armstrong, which are said to humbly conceive, that we may suppli- | contain inflructions decisive respectcate your firm resillance to this unnatu- | ing the conditions on which the predeclare that although we do not pre- tries can be preserved. Those receiv-

though when taken in arms, we may be scription than otherwise. By way of treated as traitors, and denied the Heligoland we have received accounts of the armaments of Russia, and from * Those printers throughout the | Sweden we are possessed of informathe 19th, announces that sir James Saumarez has received from Russia

Murat, as we suspected, has been of British three point twilled wollen | mises to govern according to the conflitution established by his brother.

NAPLES, August 1.

Yesterday the council of state was

NAPOLEON, etc. etc. The Throne of Naples and Sicily tance by the office and decided appro- shall be executed as forming part of the constitutional statute given at Bayon-

ARTICLE I. Our dear and well belived brother-

quire 21,700,000lbs. of that cotton, of | Prince Joachim Napoleon from male